FIELD SAMPLING AND HABITAT ASSESSMENT SHEETS (v.14, Feb 06)

RIVER	CATCHMENT
SITE LOCATION	DATE TIME
LOCATION CODE PHOTOGRAPH N	UMBER(S)
RECORDER(S) NAME(S)LOO	CATION DOCUMENTATION COMPLETE ?
LENGTH OF SURVEYED REACH m This is defined as 10X the average stream width, to a maximum	of 150m. Minimum reach length is 50m.
Stream Habitat in surveyed reach (%): Riffle/Run	% Pool %
Stream Width from edges of water. Take 5 evenly spaced measured	surements within surveyed reach; also record max. & min.
1m 2m 3m 4m 5.	
Method used: tape measure [] range finder []	estimate []
Channel Width from tops of banks 1 m 2	m 3 m 4 m 5 m
Method used: tape measure [] range finder []	estimate []
WATER QUALITY MEASUREMENTS: Round to one dec	cimal place.
Instrument(s) make, model and number	
Water Temperature (°C)	рН
Conductivity (ambient) µS/cm mS/cm	Alkalinity (mg/L):
	Low range test, 23 ml, drops x 5 =
Conductivity (@ 25 °C) µS/cm mS/cm	
	High range test, 7 ml, drops x 20 =
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) (agitate probe if flow <5 cm/sec)	
% Sat. Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity (NTU) (usually measured in lab)
Water samples collected? Yes [] No []	

SITE OBSERVATIONS (Indicate appropriate number in brackets at right; some may consist of >1 category.) LOCAL POINT SOURCE POLLUTION: 1. None 2. Gravel road/track/ford 3. Tip 4. Quarry 5. Drain 6. Fish farm 7. Earthworks 8. Mine 9. Stock access point 10. Culvert 11. STP 12. Other[] IS THERE EVIDENCE OF HEAVY RAINS OR SPATES IN THE LAST WEEK? 1.yes 2. no [] 3. not sure

RI	ĪV	E.I	R

IVER DATE..... LOCATION CODE

REACH: All information in this section refers to the <u>entire reach</u> .							
SUBSTRATE DESCRIPTION (% cover): USE % COVER AND PARTICLE SIZE DIAGRAMS.							
	<u>phi</u>						
Bedrock]	(-9.5)						
Boulder (>256mm)[]	(-9.0)						
Cobble (64-256mm) []	(-6.5)						
Pebble (16-64mm)[]	(-4.5)						
Gravel (2-16mm)]	(-2.0)						
Sand (0.06-2mm)[]	(2.0)						
Clay/Silt (<0.06mm)	(8.0)						
Total100%							
OTHER STREAM FEATURES							
% of reach covered by	<u><1%</u>	<u>1-10%</u>	<u>10-35%</u>	<u>35-65%</u>	<u>65-90%</u>	<u>>90%</u>	
WIIIOW KOOIS Moss	0	1 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	3	4	5	
Filamentous algae	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Loose silt lying on substrate (organic & inorgan	ic) 0	1	$\frac{2}{2}$	3	- - -	5	
Total macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	5	
(For macrophytes, include those which are out	of the w	ater but in	the active	channel.)		5	
ORGANIC MATERIAL (% cover of organic mat Coarse Particulate Organic Material (leaves and Snags/Large Organic Material (wood >10cm dia	erial) wood < meter)	10cm diam	eter) 1. = < 1. = <	5% 2 . = 5 5% 2 . = 5	- 20% 3 . = - 20% 3	=>20% [. =>20% []]
CURRENT VELOCITY IN REACH: Choose o	<u>ne</u> percer	itage catego	ory for <u>eaci</u>	<u>1</u> flow categ	gory in the i	reach:	
0% <u>1-1</u>	0%	<u>11-40%</u>	<u>41-0</u>	<u>60%</u>	<u>>60%</u>		
No obvious flow 0 1		2	-	3	4		
Slow 0 1 Medium/mederate 0 1		2	-	5	4		
		2	-	3	4		
Fast to very fast 0 1		/					
Fast to very fast01		2)			
Fast to very fast 0 1 VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) The	nis refers	to land use	beyond the	e riparian z	one (30m).		
Fast to very fast 0 1 VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) The second s	nis refers	to land use	beyond the	e riparian zo	one (30m).		
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) Th1. Urban2. Intensive agriculture	nis refers	to land use	beyond the	e riparian z	one (30m).		
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) The 1. Urban1.2.Intensive agriculture 3.Mostly cleared, grazing	nis refers	to land use	beyond the	e riparian zo	one (30m).		
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) Th1. Urban2. Intensive agriculture3. Mostly cleared, grazing4. Significant patches of forest remaining s	nis refers	to land use	beyond the	e riparian zo grazing)	one (30m).		
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) Th1. Urban2. Intensive agriculture3. Mostly cleared, grazing4. Significant patches of forest remaining, s5. Native forest/natural vegetation	nis refers ome fore	to land use	beyond the	e riparian zo grazing)	one (30m).	[1
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) The 1. Urban2. Intensive agriculture3. Mostly cleared, grazing3. Mostly cleared, grazing4. Significant patches of forest remaining, s 5. Native forest/natural vegetation	nis refers ome fore	to land use	beyond the	e riparian zo grazing)	one (30m).	[]
Fast to very fast 0 1 VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) The second s	nis refers ome fore ng catego	to land use	<u>beyond</u> the ulture (eg, SRIVAS). I	e riparian zo grazing) USE % SH	one (30m). ADING DI	[[AGRAMS.]
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) TH1. Urban2. Intensive agriculture3. Mostly cleared, grazing4. Significant patches of forest remaining, s5. Native forest/natural vegetationSHADING of stream channel, as at mid day (shadi1. <5%2. 6-25%3. 26-50%4. 51-7	nis refers ome fore ng catego 5% 5. 2	to land use estry/agrice ory for AUS >76%	ulture (eg,	e riparian z grazing) USE % SH	one (30m). ADING DI	[[AGRAMS. []
Fast to very fast01VEGCAT (Land use category for AUSRIVAS.) The 1. Urban2. Intensive agriculture3. Mostly cleared, grazing4. Significant patches of forest remaining, s 5. Native forest/natural vegetationSHADING of stream channel, as at mid day (shadi 1. <5%1. <5%2. 6-25%3. 26-50%4. 51-7	nis refers ome fore ng catego 5% 5. 2	to land use estry/agricu ory for AUS >76%	<u>beyond</u> the ulture (eg, SRIVAS). I	e riparian ze grazing) USE % SH	one (30m). ADING DI	[[AGRAMS. []

	LEFT BANK AND	RIGHT BANK REFER TO DIRECTION FACING DOWNSTREAM.		
LANDUSE:	1. Native forest	2. Forestry 3. Native heath/grassland 4. Grazing 5. Cropped		
Left Bank	6. Residential	7. Industrial 8. Recreational 9. Intensive agriculture	[]
LANDUSE:	1. Native forest	2. Forestry 3. Native heath/grassland 4. Grazing 5. Cropped		
Right Bank	6. Residential	7. Industrial 8. Recreational 9. Intensive agriculture	[]

RIVER	DATE	LOCATION CODE

RIFFLE /RUN: All information in this section	refers <u>on</u>	ly to the 1	riffle/run ar	ea sampled	<u>l</u> .		
Invertebrates collected by Length of riffle/run sampled: 10 metres [] Approx. # of invertebrates picked: 200[]150	Other []100	nvertebra m []50[ntes picked/ etres. Tim] If <150,	sorted by . e taken to j , why?	pick sample	emi	ins.
SUBSTRATE DESCRIPTION (% cover): USE	% COV	ER AND I	PARTICLE	SIZE DIA	GRAMS.		
Bedrock]							
Boulder (>256mm)		IF RIFFI	LE/RUN N	OT SAM	PLED, WI	IY NOT:	
Cobble (64-256mm)		1. No	t present [
PedDle (10-04mm) [[] Craval (2.16mm) []]		2.10 3 To	o snallow [1			
Sand (0.06-2mm) []		3. To	o dangerous	l I			
Clay/Silt (<0.06mm)		5. Oth	her	L J			1
Total100%		01.04					L
Percentage of sampled area covered by:	<u><1%</u>	<u>1-10%</u>	<u>10-35%</u>	<u>35-65%</u>	<u>65-90%</u>	<u>>90%</u>	
Willow Roots	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Moss	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Filamentous algae	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Loose sht lying on substrate (organic & morganic	;) 0	1	Z	3	4	5	
Coarse Particulate Organic Material (leaves and Snags/Large Organic Material (wood >10cm diaterial)	wood < meter)	10cm dian	neter) 1. = <: 1. = <:	$5\% 2. = 5 \\ 5\% 2. = 5$	-20% 3 . = $-20%$ 3 . =	=>20% [=>20% []]
DEPTH 1cm 2cm 3 Take 5 representative measurements from the riffle	cm e/run habi	4 itat over th	cm 5 he range of d	cm epths in the	kick sampl	e.	
CURDENT VELOCITY in compled area. Tick h	over for a	ach aurrar	t valoaity p	racant: mor	o than 1 how	oon ha tiaka	d
Kick sample: 0=no flow [] 1=slow [] 2=	=medium/	moderate [] 3=	fast to very	fast []	-u.
Γ							
EDGE / BACKWATER: All information in thi	s section	refers <u>on</u>	ly to the edg	ge area san	<u>ipled</u> .		
Invertebrates collected by Length of edge sampled: 10 metres [] Oth Approx. # of invertebrates picked: 200[]150	I er []100	nvertebra me []50[ntes picked/ tres. Time] If <150,	sorted by . e taken to p , why?	oick sample	mi i	 ns.
Percentage of sampled area covered by:	<1%	6 1-10	% 10-35	% 35-65	5% 65-9	0% >90%	, D
1. Backwaters	0	1	2	3	4	5	
2. Leaf packs/CPOM	0	1	2	3	4	5	
3. Undercut banks	0	1	2	3	4	5	
4. Roots	0	1	2	3	4	5	
5. Bare edge	0	1	2	3	4	5	
6. Logs (wood >10cm)	0	1	2	3	4	5	
7. Trailing bank vegetation (including grasses)	0	1	2	3	4	5	
o. rnamentous aigae	0	<u> </u>	2	<u> </u>	4	<u> </u>	
7. Macrophyte 10 Moss	0	1 1	2	2 2	4	5 5	
11. Loose silt lying on substrate (organic & inorg	anic) 0	1	2	3	4 4	5	
12. Other	0	1	2	3	4	5	
CURRENT VELOCITY in sampled area. Tick be	oxes for e	each currer	nt velocity p	resent; more	e than 1 box	can be ticke	ed:
Sweep sample: 0=no flow [] 1=slow [] 2	2=mediun	n/moderate	[]] 3	B=fast to ve	ry fast []

RIVER	DATE	LOCATION CODE

ALL LEFT BANK AND RIGHT BANK REFER TO DIRECTION FACING DOWNSTREAM.

RIPARIAN CHARACTERISTICS of surveyed reach

Width of riparian zone (to a maximum of 30 m perpendicular to flow)

Left bank m Right bank m

Structural composition of riparian zone Using the diagrams below as a guide, tick the box corresponding to the percentage category that best describes the percent cover of each vegetation category; evaluate left (L) and right (R) bank separately.



Longitudinal extent of riparian vegetation:

Choose one category for each bank. Do not include ground cover layer except where site is in native grassland.

		Left bank	Right bank
None 0 .	\sim		
Isolated / scattered 1.	\sim		
Regularly spaced 2.	y		
Occasional clumps 3 .	<u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u><u>y</u></u>		
Semi-continuous 4.	Jennin the supplier between		
Continuous 5 .	32000 000000000000000000000000000000000		

DIVED	

Branched form

Eg: Bodea,

Potamogeton

Other Structural Types?:

Vegetation samples collected for identification in the lab:

.. DATE..... LOCATION CODE ..

RIVER	·····	DATE LOCATION CODE
DIATOM SAMPLING	FIELD NOTES	
HARD SURFACE SAN Substrate type: 1. rock	APLE (preferred) 2. wood/bark	3. cement 4. macrophyte 5. other
Substrate shaken befor	e sampling: yes	no
Approximate depth of	substrate: 15cm (pre	ferred) [] Othercm
Habitat type: 1. riffl	e (preferred) 2. run 3	3. other [
MUD/DETRITUS SAN	IPLE	
Habitat type: 1. poc	ol (preferred) 2. backwat	ter 3. other
Approximate depth of	substrate: 5cm (prefe	erred) [] Othercm
MACROPHYTES IN I	REACH	
Indicate which macrop	hyte structural types are p	present in the reach with the following <u>abundances</u> :
I = isolated, S	= scattered, B = in beds,	C = choking the stream:
Submerged	Floating	Emergent
Exather like		
Eg: Myriophyllum, Ceratophyllum, Chara		Eg: Typha, broad leaf form Phragmites Eg: Curled dock, Water plantain, Arrowhead
Broad strap like Eg: Vallisneria, Triglochin	Free floating, small plant Eg: Azolla, Duckweed	Grass like Eg: Paspalum
Grass like	Free floating, large plant Eg: Salvinia,	Tussock/ rush like Eg: Juncus, Cynegus, Carex

ARE ALL SPACES FILLED IN ON ALL SHEETS? Yes [] No [] Checked by.....

Branched form

Eg: Ranunculus,

Polygonum

Yes [

]

No [

NONE PRESENT []

]